The Standard.

RALEIGH. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1865. THE DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The Counties of Nash, Granville, and Warren have designated Franklinton as the place for holding the Convention; and the Counties of Orange and Johnston have designated Raleigh. Wake County has signified a willingness to meet at any point selected by a majority of the Counties, and Franklin has not been heard from, though it is fair to presume that that County prefers Franklinton. The weight of preference seems, therefore, to be for Franklinton; and we take it for granted that the Convention will be held there on Wednesday, the 18th of this month.

We publish to-day the proceedings of the Warren meeting, and also the proceedings of another meeting held in Orange.

Our Warren friends, like those in the other Counties of the District, show the strongest disposition not only to harmonize in the approaching contest, but a fixed determination to adhere to principles without regard to men. Their Resolutions breathe the true spirit, and are significant of the firmness and zeal with which they will bear themselves at the Convention and throughout the That high-toned gentleman and patriot, Frank A. Thornton, presided, and addressed the meeting in an eloquent and impressive manner. Able and eloquent speeches were also delivered by Dr. Pritchard, W. A. Jenkins, and J. B. Batchelor, Esquires.

We trust that every delegate who can make it at all convenient to do so, will attend the Convention. It is important, for many reasons, that the Convention should be a full one, and should faithfally reflect the wishes of the Democracy of the District. With a full Convention and an acceptable nomination the advocates of Democratic principles will have nothing to apprehend; they will carry the District triumphantly, and establish themselves on a basis of concord, harmony, and unity of purpose which no subsequent events can dis-

SLAVERY IN CUBA.

It appears that the views of the Spanish Minister of State, as given in our last, have been perverted by the Paris Presse, in translating the Spanish word dejar into continue instead of cease. Thus corrected, it follows that Spain has no idea of abolishing slavery in Cuba. Indeed, the New York Herald contains the correct text, from the Gazette de Madrid, of Senor Luzuriaga's remarks, in which, while he condemns the slave trade, and says the government is firmly decided to maintain the treaties on the subject, he admits that slavery itself is a necessity in Cuba; and he gives to the proprietors there the assurance that the institution will not

But whatever may be declarations of the government on the subject, the slave trade will not be broken up. The civilized world knows that the Queen Mother has herself been largely engaged in this trade, and that the greater portion of her income is drawn from this source. Besides, it is stated by those who are well informed on the subject, that slavery could not be perpetuated in Cuba without the slave trade. If Cuba belonged to the United States, or if she were a State of the Union, the trade in slaves from the Southern States would sustain the institution there, while it would not injuriously affect the institution here.

In another part of the Standard of to-day will be found some developments in the shape of Know Nothing progressiveness, which will arrest the attention of our readers. Read the article from the Boston Advertiser, together with that from the New York Herald, which follows it. There are further facts brought to light by the Advertiser, which we may give hereafter. "The theory,"-says the Richmond Enquirer, referring to this affair-" that every man's house is his castle is correct, provided the occupant does not worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience."

But this specimen of intolerance and meanness is worthy of the sons of the Salem witch-burnersof those men who scourged Roger Williams, the Baptist, out of their colony because he could not believe in religious matters as they did, and compelled him to seek shelter and protection among the savages of Rhode Island. Alas for the manhood of Massachusetts! What would the great Webster say if now living? How would he scern and trample under foot such doctrines as those which are professed and carried out by the Know Nothings of Massachusetts!

GOOD PRICE FOR REAL ESTATE. - We learn that the vacant lot of one acre, on Hillsborough Street, in this City, west of Mr. Secretary Hill's, but on the opposite side of the Street, has been sold to Mr. John Buffaloe for \$2,400. The lot is within about a quarter of a mile of the Western Railroad Depot. Two thousand four hundred dollars per acre will do very well for real estate located as that is out of the thickly settled part of the town. It is a superior lot for building, and we hope soon to see it graced by a fine residencesuch a one, for instance, as that of Mr. Branch, on the same street. The purchaser cannot lose by his bargain, as the probability is that property, at least in that quarter of the City, will continue to advance

THE HOME SQUADRON-CUBA.-The Union states that Commodone McCauly, "an officer of prudence and excellent judgment, and of great bravery and coolness, has been selected for the temporary command of the Home Squadron." In this selection, adds that paper, "the department has given an earnest of its desire, in the present interesting state of affars on our coast, to avail itself of the experience of an officer who has been long and favorably known to the service of the country."

The Baton Rouge Adoocate states that Riely, whose desertion in Mexico has been made the theme of indignant allusion throughout the country, whenever the eloquent vituperation of the Know Nothing press was in want of a climax, was not an Irishman, but a native of the United States THE CINCINNATI RIOT!

It seems that the election riot in Cincinnati, of which we gave some account in our last, was confined to the Germans and the Know-Nothings; and that the Know Nothings are more liable to censure in the matter than the Germans. The latter had procured a cannon, and were firing it in honor of Mr. Jefferson's birth-day; the Know-Nothings, finding they were beaten in the election, became enraged, took the cannon from the Germans, broke up the ballot-boxes in one of the Wards where a large Democratic vote had been polled, assaulted and ran over the Mayor, who vainly endeavored to preserve the peace and protect the ballot-box; and the result was, as might have been expected, riot, bloodshed and murder. It appears, after all, that the Democrats have carried the City. The Know Nothing organs admit their defeat.

The following extract, from the Cincinnati Commercial, will show what the principles of Know

Nothingism are when reduced to practice: "We stood upon a pile of sand opposite the engine-house and overlooked the scene. We saw one grayheaded man, neatly dressed, run for his life down Vine street, pursued by half a dozen boys, who reck-lessly hurled stones after him. A stout, rough-looking man, in an express wagon, who shoutad "Hurrah for Faran," was terribly beaten. A young man of German decent, described by a bystander as "a ery fine fellow, quiet, and hard-working," was whipped unmercifully; and as he reeled homeward, blind with blood and dust, the blood running copiously from his face, and one eye swollen dreadfully from a blow with a stone, an acquaintance of his family remarked, "There now; that is a shame.-His mother will faint when she sees him." One sturdy German we saw struck fairly in the head with a heavy stone, and yet remaining on his feet He was struck repeatedly with colts, but did not succumb, and made his escape.'

The following telegraphic dispatch contains information of a still further riot. The Know-Nothings in Massachusetts visit and ransack, from top to bottom, the private house of poor, trembling, unoffending nuns; and those of Cincinnati knock down Germans, insult women, and assault chil-

Renewal of the war-attack on the Germans and bloody fight-remissness of the authorities, etc.

CINCINCATI, April 6, 1855 .- There has been another riot in the Sixth ward of this city. A large party of rowdies, armed with clubs, guns and pistols, went to the Lafayette House, on the corner of Mill and Front streets, kept by a German named Jacob Knight, and demanded liquor, when they were im mediately handed some beer. They then commenced breaking the glasses in the house, and after knocking Knight senseless, they went through his house, insulted his wife and assaulted his children. They then left the premises, and on the sidewalk met for Germans, three of whom they knocked down and the other they stabbed The latter is not expected to recover. The crowd greatly augmented and finally drove Knight's family from the house.

Five arrests have been made over the canal. The Germans are still armed. During the whole of last night sentinels guarded the streets, and none but Germans were permitted to pass.

The Mayor and police force have done nothing .-The first arrests were made to-day.

The City Clerk has issued certificates of election to all the democratic candidates, the judges of the Eleventh and Twelfth wards having made returns under oath. It is not likely the election will be con-

MR. McGOWAN.

The Wilmington Commercial copies our article of a recent date, giving some facts in relation to the assault on this gentleman, and adds:

" From the statement made above, we are compelled to admit that the case again presents itself to our mind in all its original deformity; and, so far as we can ascertain, it must be conceded that Mr. McGowan has been most grieviously wronged by the daring and lawless action of the accused parties. The case, however, will undergo a legal investigation, and on the decision of the Court alone can we make a final

These men ought not, it seems to us, to have been admitted to bail, especially as the term of the Court at which they are to be tried is so near at hand. They are, we learn, worth nothing, and the amount of bail, \$500, may therefore be as heavy as should have been required; but an assault with intent to kill, and that without provocation, is a very high offence, and one in which bail should hardly ever be granted. The case would have been different if the parties had fought willingly, as they did not. Mr. McGowan was pursued and at last set upon by three men with deadly weapons; and even during the progress of the murderous assault, he had his pistol at the breast of the younger Everett and could have killed him, but told him he would not, and spared his life! This same scoundrel afterwards deliberately placed his pistol to McGowan's head and inflicted the wound under which he is now suffering. We learn that he exclaimed, immediately after he bad done the bloody deed, that he was a native American-that he had killed a d-d Irishman, and would not be hanged for it. This can be proved, as we learn, We do not know whether these men are Know-Nothings or not. We trust, for the sake of the decent and respectable men who are, that they are

DE Bow's REVIEW .- We have received the April number of that valuable work, De Bow'a Review. This number contains the usual amount of current information, under the heads of "Literary and Miscellaneous," " Agriculture and Horticulture," " Home and Foreign Commerce," " Mining, Manufactures, and Internal Improvements," and "Education." Among the articles are, "The South and the Union;" "Practical Effects of Emancipation," by D. J. McCord, of South Carolina; "Selection of Seed in Agriculture," by J. W. Scott, of Ohio; "Public Debts and Securities;" "Sugar Trade of the United States;" "Southern Convention at New Orleans;" "Cotton Manufactures;" "Railroad Iron;" "Public Education in Louisiana;" "Common Schools and Universities. North and South," &c., &c. The editor is again devoting his entire energies to the work, and urges prompt remittances from subscribers, as well as an increase of their number. He can supply the back numbers of any series from the beginning, or a digest of the whole work, in three octavo volumes, for \$6, postage free. Address New Orleans and Washington City. It is a favorable season to subscribe.

ELECTION IN EDENTON.—The Edenton Whig says the "ticket of the American party was elected" in that place on Monday the 2d. What was the majority? Two, or four? Was it not less than the usual Whig majorite? The Whig was careful not to give the vote. THUNDER COMING!

The following card from Mr Tate, of Haywood county, (says the last Asheville News,) is only the precursor of many more such blasts, which will be heard before the first day of August. Honest, unsuspecting men may be lured into Know Nothing lodges, but when they learn the truth, they will, like American freemen, shake off the fetters with which political tricksters have sought to bind their will and their consciences. We are informed that Mr. Tate is a respectable citizen, and that his statements are entitled to the fullest credit:

WAYNESVILLE, N. C., March 28, 1855.

Mr. Editor: —Believing it to be the duty of every citizen to expose the misrepresentations and tricks of designing men and politicians, I ask you to give place in your paper to this note.

Not long since, at the urgent and repeated solicitation of certain persons, I was induced to join the society commonly called the order of Know Nothings, lately established in this county. After being initiated, I soon found that the whole object and aim were entirely different from what had been represented to me. While I do not admit that the oath of secrecy administered to me at the time of my initiation (considering the fraudulent manner in which I was induced to take it,) ought to restrain me from speaking freely, if I think it necessary, nevertheless I forbear to go into details. It is sufficient for me to say, that I am satisfied that the whole scheme is a cunning device of unsuccessful politicians, who hope by cheating and deceiving the people to get into office. They expect by secret caths to get the control of the votes of American freemen, and thus compel them to vote for men not of their choice, but as the managers of the order may direct. 1 therefore advise all honest men to keep out of the concern, and to retain in their own hands the right that belongs to every citizen of this Union RUSSELL TATE.

In our notice of the proceedings of the Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society last week, nothing was said of the action of that body in relation to the adoption of an organ, which, it is understood, was one of the objects for which the Committee was called together. We have since learned, and as it is a matter in which the public are concerned, we now state, that when the subject was brought before the Committeethe choice being between "The North Carolina Arator" and "The Carolina Cultivator"-it was ascertained that a decided majority of the Committee, in person or by proxy, would vote for "The Arator;" and had the vote been taken and the proxies been received, it would have stood, seven or eight for adopting "The Arator." Seeing this would be the result, a friend of Mr. Cooke objected to receiving proxies on the ground that there was no express provision for voting by proxy in the Constitution: the friends of Mr. Lemay not being disposed to press a vote upon that question, so unexpectedly sprung upon them, agreed to a postponement of the matter until the 2nd of May, when the Committee will again assemble to decide

ELECTION IN TARBOBOUGH.—The "dark lantern" organization made an effort at the election on Monday last, to carry the town of Tarborough, but signally failed. They selected, for Commissioners, two of their number and Mr. Redmond, a Democrat, who, as the Southerner says, "spurns the order and holds their principles in utter detestation "-but they were handsomely defeated. The true American ticket was elected, as follows: Magistrate of Police, John Norfleet; Commissioners, James Mehegan, N. Matthewson, and B. W. Mabrey. The Southerner says:

"The true American ticket was composed of two native born citizens and a whole-souled Irishman, who has allied himself to his adopted country, by long residence, by industry, by an unimpeachable character, and by that most sacred of ties-marriage. No man stands fairer in our community than James Mehegan, a mechanic by profession, a gentleman in his intercourse with his fellow men; but it was his misforture to have first seen the light of day on Erin's green isle, and for that, Know-Nothings proscribe him from all offices of honor or profit; and further, he must throw off the religion of his forefathers, or forever be an Isbmaelite among us."

FROM MASSACHUSETTS .- The House of Representatives passed to its third reading on the 4th inst, a bill allowing colored children to be admitted to the public schools of Massachusetts. Free neproes, then, are to be exalted to seats side by side with the white children of the Commonwealth; but white Catholics are to be spied upon and persecuted, and no foreign born person is to be permitted to vote, if Massachusetts can prevent it, until he shall have been in the country twenty-one

The House had assigned Tuesday (yesterday) for a hearing of the reports of the Commissioners in the case of Judge Loring. The 5th was the annual fast day, and all business was suspended. "Scribes, pharisees, hypocrites!" A Correspondent of the Herald, referring to this fast day, says :-Religious services were held in most of our churches to day, but the audiences were rather thin. The stable-keepers have done an excellent business today, and the theatres this evening are well filled."

MEDICAL GRADUATES .- The following is a list of Graduates, in Medicine from North Carolina in the University of Pennsylvania, for the session 1854-'55, viz :- James N. Butt, Pasquotank county; Joseph N. Bynum, Pitt; Wm. Clanton, Warren; James R. Cole, Craven; W. H. Cowell, Currituck; David Cox, Perquimons; S. T. Cloman, Martin; John W. Ellington, Rockingham; A. H. Graham, Lincoln; Benj. T. Green, Granville; Horace W. Hester, Granville; R. J. Hicks, Granville; John W. Hill, Duplin; G. J. Hinton Wake; Geo. S. J. Houston, Iredell; H. Holmes Hunter, Gates; Samuel Jacobs, Caswell; Chas

. S. Jeffreys, Franklin; W. Gaston Jones, Curritack; Geo. J. Kelly, Granville; John C. Marriott, Wake; Whit. P. Smallwood, Bertie; James A. Smith, Granville; W. R. Spruill, Bertie; Burwell Thornton, Warren; C. B. Whitehead, Duplin; R. H. Winborne, Hertford; R. H. Wood

MR. DARGAN A CANDIDATE .- The Editor of the Charlotte Democrat, speaking of his attendance on the last Union Court says: "Gen. A. J. Dargan was in attendance on the Court, and informed us that he was fully in the field for Congress. He is a gentleman of ability, and has served his County several years in the Legislature, and we have no doubt he is one of the strongest men in his party. Union is right side up with care, and we hear on all hands that she will give the gallant Craige over 100 increased majority. He will beat Gen. Dargan, or any other man the Whige may start, at

IMPORTANT PROM CUBA THE EXECUTION OF AN A-MERICAN CITIES.—The Unised States ship Fulton, Commander Mitchell, arrived at Norfolk on Thursday morning last from Havana. Commander Mitchell reached Washington yesterday morning with important despatches for our government from our acting consul at Havana, Mr. Robertson.

We learn from a private letter, that Estrampes was garoted on the 31st ultimo. He met his fate with extraordinary coolness, courage, and compo-sure. While the negro executioner was engaged in fastening the iron band around his neck, Estrampes exclaimed, in a clear, loud voice, "Death to royalty! Liberty forever!" Thus was sacrificed American life in the person of a young man of excellent character and noble impulses. Whether he was tried conformably to the 7th article of our treaty with Spain is for our government to determine. The mockery of a trial to which he was subjected, called forth an earnest, solemn protest from our acting con-sul at Havana; and it should also be borne in mind that Estrampes was tried for an offence committed before martial law had been proclaimed by the cap-

The execution of Estrampes has caused the most intense excitement, not only in Havana, but throughout the island. Mr. Thompson, our commercial agent at Sagus, had not left Havana.—Washington

SENATOR WILSON ON SLAVERY. It will be remembered that soon after Senator Wilson arrived in Washington to take his seat as senator, he was induced to define his position on the subject of slavery. This was well known to be a movement of the know nothing leaders to break the force of the election of an avowed abolitionist by a legislature known to be composed chiefly of know-nothing members. Senator Wilson was willing to play into the hands of the southern know-nothings by seeming somewhat to modify his former abolition position. The trick served its purpose for the time, and furnished the know nothing organs with a pretext for keeping up the de-lusion that their organization was not identified in its sentiments and its objects with the abolition organization of the North. Since Senator Wilson's return to Massachusetts he has deemed it proper to resume his old anti-slavery position. The following extract from a lecture delivered by him a few days since in Boston will be interesting to southern know-noth-

"If there is any one here (said the lecturer, with emphasis) who believes that I am capable of modifying my sentiments and opinions, cherished by me or twenty years-either at home or abroad, either n public or private, before friends or in the face of enemies-I commission him here and now to proclaim it. Send it abroad on the wind that I am comnitted, fully committed, committed to the fullest extent, in favor of immediate and unconditional abolition of slavery wherever it exists under the authoriy of the constitution of the United States,'

MR. FLOURNOY AN ANTI-SLAVERY MAN .- The Richmond Enquirer has information of a startling character as to the position of the know-nothing candidate for governor of Virginia. It seems that a convention was held at Charlotte Court-house in 1846 or 1847 on the subject of internal improvements, at which Mr. Tunstall maintained, in a speech, that the comparative degeneracy of Virginia was due to a want of facilities for commercial intercourse. Mr. Flourcontroverted this position, and maintained that the decline of Virginia was due to negro slavery, asserting that no country can be prosperous with a slave population. These are the sentiments avowed every day by northern free-soilers and anti-slavery men. As Mr. Flournoy is a know-nothing, and as we are satisfied that there is a close affinity between know-nothings and free-soilers, we cannot say that we are greatly surprised by this revelation. We shall be surprised, however, if it does not awaken the people of Virginia to the danger of encouraging the secret order in her borders. Wash, Union,

COL. RUFFIN'S SPEECH IN GOLDSBOROUGH .- In the Court house on Tuesday, Col. Ruffin delivered one of the most powerful and most effective speeches, that it has ever been our pleasure to listen to. He triumphantly defended his course in the last Congress, vindicated the Administration of Gen. Pierce, and sustained his exercises of the veto, by arguments that must have carried conviction to every unpredjudiced mind. He denounced the new, secret oathbound political association of Know Nothings, in terms of just indignation. He proced the abolition origin and affinities of the self-styled "Native American" party. This speech must have made some of the members of this secret association reflect on their singular position, as the allies of the worst foes of the South and of the Constitution. Col. Ruffin sustained his charges against the Northern Know Nothings by facts, which ought to make Southern men, Whigs and Democrats, open their eyes.

We believe that his speech here had a powerful effect; and the well known probity, sincerity and uprightness of the speaker, gave a peculiar weight to what he said. We feel confident that the Democratic party in this District will achieve a victory in the coming election that will astonish "Sam" and the "natives" considerably.

CAN'T STAND KNOW NOTHINGISM .- The attempt is eing made in North Carolina, as in Virginia, to force the rank and file of Whiggery into the meretricious embraces of Know Nothingism; but there, as here, high-toned and honorable Whigs scorn to lesert their ancient faith. The late able Whig representative in Congress from the 5th district in that State, Ifon. John Kerr, has come out openly and boldly in opposition to the midnight plotters. He delivered a speech last week at Ashboro', in which he gave the Know Nothings one of the most wither-ing rebukes ever administered to a party, and proclaimed himself a candidate for the suffrages of his fellow-citizens on the old platform of his faith. "Sam," according to the Greensborough Patriot, a K. N. paper, "caught it strong," and the same paper states, that according to the account of a gentleman present, the address was "very able and eloquent." He hung his banner on the outer wall. Pet. Democrat.

THE REVENUE ACT .- The Favetteville Observer says that the Sheriff of Cumberland, acting as he stated, under instructions from the Attorney General, collected no tax on goods, wares or merchandize of the growth or manufacture of this Statenot even on liquors made in this State; and only on purchases of foreign liquors made since the 18th of March, ult., the day on which the Revenue law went into effect.

Hence the amount received by him was only about \$2,000, instead of \$15,000 or \$20,000, which the law would have drawn from the Fayetteville merchants, if it had been executed according to the common understanding of its provisions. Our Sheriff, acting under the same instructions

from the Attorney General, placed an entirely dif-ferent construction on the law. - Wil. Herald. HIGH PRICES.—The Warrenton News gives the following account of the sale of the slaves of Major

N. T. Green, of that county, on the 22d and 23d inst., which shows that the hard times have not affected the value of negro property much: He sold sixty-nine slaves for the enormous sum of \$51,032 40, making an average of \$739 60. Of these 23 were under 7 and 3 over 50 years of age. The most valuable house-servants were not sold. Three fellows brought the rise of \$4,670-3,\$3,900 and 5 \$6,000. Girls from 14 to 16 years of age,

The terms were 12 months credit with interest from date with bonds with good security, but many preferred paying cash, as we learn eight or ten thousand were paid up. Although these negroes were very likely, looked well, were of good character, and warranted, still, taking it all together, it was the highest sale we ever heard of and argues well for the prosperity of our county and State, as not one was sold out of the latter. It should also, in justice to the humanity of Major Green, be stated that they were sold in families of 2, 3, 4, 5 and as

Mad STONE.—By a communication in the Argus we learn that Mr. Hector McNeill, residing near Murphy's Paper Mill, Cumberland county, has in his possession a "Mad Stone." About the curative properties of such a stone our readers, no doubt, remember to have heard a great deal. It is said that it will cure hydrophobia, or at least prevent it.—
Many persons who were bitten by mad dogs, have visited. Virginia, to avail themselves of a stone of this description, and miraculous ascapes from a most borrible death are reported.— Foy. Carolinian.

ARRIVAL OF THE BALTIC. NEW YORE, April 6.—The steamer Baltic, with one week's later news from Europe, has arrived at her wharf. She brings Liverpool dates of the 24th

The St. Louis arrived out on Saturday.

The European mails by the Baltic will leave for the South by the five-o'clock train this afternoon. The news is not of an important character.

There is less talk of Louis Napoleon's propose

The Roebuck committee of inquiry have not brough

their labors to a close. The first of the four points of guarantee on the eastern question, placing the Danubian provinces under the protectorate of the four powers, was immeditaely agreed to in the Vienna conference. The second point, at latest advices, was under discus-

The Czar Alexander had made a speech, and ad dressed it to the whole army. On the whole, the language may be interpreted pacifically.

Affairs in relation to the siege of Sebastopol re-

Lord Raglan admits, officially, that the Russians are daily making the place stronger.

Cotton has advanced. Breadstuffs unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, March 24 .- Milligan, Evans, & Co. quote cotton firm, and prices have slightly advanced-say ; fair qualities have improved the mos —sales for the week, including those to spinners, 87,500 bales; sales to speculators, 14,500 bales; sales to exporters, 13,000 bales; New Orleans, fair, 51; Orleans, middling, 5, 8-16; Uplands fair, 51; Uplands, middling, 5. The market closed steady. Breadstuffs are generally unchanged. Flour-western canal 42s. a 42s. 6d.; Ohio 45s. Wheat, white

Provisions are generally unchanged. American stocks are steady and unchanged.

12s. 6d, Corn: white, 44s.; yellow 43.; mixed 42s

Rejoicings of the Democrats in New Haven. New Haven, (Conn.,) April 5.—The democracy of this city fired one hundred guns on the Green a sunset this evening in honor of the election of two democrats to the State legislature from this city.

War on Democratic Know Nothings.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3, 1855. In the Democratic County Convention to-day thos delegates suspected of Know Nothingism were exam ined under oath, and witnesses were also examined in relation to the accusations against them. Thos who refused to testify, or where the charge wa proved against those accused, they were expelled Among those expelled was Wm. S. Allen, democrati County Commissioner, and on his refusal to depart he was forcibly put out.

PRILADELPHIA, April 6, 1855. Orders have been received at the Navy Yard here, stating that the United States war steamer San Jacinto has been selected as the flag ship of the Gulf Squadron, and she will probably leave to-morrow for Havana. The steamer Susquehanna is also ordered to be held in readiness for sailing.

CINCINNATI, April 4, 1855 .- Judge McLean discharged the United States Marshal, to-day, from cus-tody, and remarked that the order of Judge Parker, by which he was committed to jail, was illegal.

KNOW NOTHING TROUBLES MULTIPLYING .- The grand Know-nothing council of Pennsylvania held their convention at Lancaster last Tuesday. The Baltimore Sun, of yesterday, under its telegraphic head, gives the following account of its breaking up. Look out for rich developments:

Confusion among the Know-nothings. LANCASTER, April 5 .- The grand State Council of Know-nothings met here on Tuesday, but broke up in confusion this afternoon. The cause of the difficulty being opposition to an open organization. Public opinion runs counter to secrecy and oathbound conspiracies. Messrs. Cameron, Johnson. and Gen. Irvin left this mor sing in disgust.

Martin Van Buren, Jr., died at Paris on Tuesday, the 20th ult. A large number of Americans accompanied his remains to their temporary resting place in the cemetery of Montmatre. The deceased had for a long time been wasting under the blight of consumption, but his death was so sudden as to surprise even those friends who had despaired of his recovery. He had scated himself at the dinner table when his head fell forward on his breast, and he expired without a word, without a groan. An eloquent and touching allocution was pronounced at the tomb by the Pastor Coquerel. The audience forgot all feelings of party or of sect in sympathy for the bereaved father.

THE FISHERIES IN NORTH CAROLINA.-We learn that owing to the cold and disagreeable weather. the fisheries are doing a very small business. The fishing season is n'w nearly half over, and but very few fish have been taken. The fishermen have not been so unsuccessful for many years.

Col. Thomas, the able State Senator from the Western District, paid our town a flying visit a few days since. He is in fine health. We were glad to hear him express an opinion corroborative of what we had before heard, viz: that Know Nothingism would prove a slow nag among the intelligent freemen of the Western counties. Asheville News

In Granville county, on the 3d instant, Mrs. Elizabeth Ann, relict of William H. Lyon, Esq., (deceased) and daugh-ter of Elijah Hester, Esq. She leaves seven children, who are now orphans, their father, (who was a Commoner from that county,) having died but a short time previous to her

At the residence of Ex-Governor Morehead, in Greensborough, on the 2d instant, William R. Walker, Esq., a member of the bar and a gentleman of much moral worth and respectability.

On the passenger train, between Charlotte and Chester,

C. H., S. C., on the 31st ult., Dr. William C. McRee, late wi Morganton, N. C., aged about 37 years. Dr. McRee was returning from Florida, and was apparently well until reaching Chester, and about fifteen mites beyond he breath-ed his last on board the cars. He was a most estimable

THE MARKETS.

NORFOLK MARKET. BY A. M. M'PHEETERS & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding & Commission Merchants Nonrolk, April 7th, 1855.

FLOUR-The market is very bare, and the scarcity has caused a rapid advance in prices. We quote S. F. \$10 @ 10%; Extra \$10%; Family \$11 @ 11%. The supply is quite inadequate to the demand.

COTTON—Has been active during the past week at 8% @ 8% for average to choice lots. To-day we have the Baitic's accounts showing an advance in Liverpool, and holders are declining to sell before seeing the effect of her news.

CORN—Is in active demand at 87½ @ 90c for Mixed and White; 92 @ 93c for Yellow.

NAVAL STORES—Are without animation. Tar \$2;

Rosin—common \$1%; No. 1 and 2 \$1 75 @ \$2%; Turpen-tine 2% @ \$2%; Spirits Turpentine 40 @ 42c. STAVES—B. O. Hhd. are dull at \$30; W. O. Hhd in fair demand at \$50; Pipes \$60.

L1ME—Thomaston scarce at \$1 15 @ 1 20; W. C. \$156.

BACON—N. C. and Va., hog round 9½ @ 10c; Hams
11 @ 12c; Western sides 9c; Shoulders 8c.

SALT—L. B. 1 70 @ \$1 75; G. A. 1 35 @ \$1 40.

WILMINGTON MARKET. TURPENTINE—Is in fair demand, and market firm at

our quotations. Sales yesterday of 4,469 bbls. at \$2 30 for yellow dip, and \$1 30 for hard, \$2 280 fbs.; and this morning 590 bbls. changed hands at same prices.

SPTS. TURP.—No public transactions yesterday or today; there appears to be a better feeling in the market, however, and we learn that some parcels have sold this morning

ever, and we learn that some parcels have sold this morning at 40 cents # gallon.

ROSIN—Further sales yesterday of 1,000 bbls. Common at \$1 10 for large size bbls. No sales this morning. TAR—Sales yesterday of 497 bbls. at \$1 90; and this morning 215 do. at \$1 85 \$2 bbl.

FLOUR—Is in light supply; there is more firmness in the market, and prices have an upward tendency. Sales yesterday of 50 bbls. (Wilmington inspection) at \$9 25 for superfine, and \$9 50 \$2 bbl. for family brand.

GROUND PEAS—153 bushes sold this morning at \$1 75 \$2 bushel for prime quality.

TIMBER—Sales this morning of four rafts at \$5 50, \$6 @ 6 50 \$2 M.

PAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

The market is supplied with BACON—sales at \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ how round.} CORN—quick sales at \$1.95 and \$1.10 per bushel from wagons. COTTON market depressed, with sales at lower prices for patt few days. The price of PLOUR has improved, and the tendency is upward, possible falling off. APTS. TURP as Prices tending downward, and the herliet is lower—sales at \$8 to be etc. per patters. BAW DO.

9	LATER SERVICE	ut of Larr	Land Hall Dist
		Control of the second s	trigh, April 1, 1865.
劃	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Hill, A G	Pulley, Jane
gi.	Asbe, Hon J	Hill, Miss Elizabet	COPER Mohest
9	Presented men as	THUNK MEETS CHOIL	la Pennington, Chie
	Allen, W.P.	Houston, J.P. Higgins, Barm	Rigsby, James E 3
3	Avera, Mrs Mary	Allester, Geo W	Reeves, Miss 5 2
i	Adams, Wm Adams, Jas or heir	Horton, Benjamin slicks, Wm	Rogers, Mrs N Rogers, Rev J W F
	TO THE BANK OF	Hayes, Mrs C	Logera Wm
•	Beasly, S L	Harrison, John W	Keed, Edward
	Baucoun, Misses J	RJones, W M	Rufe, Henry
	Bryan, James Bruce, R	Jones, Mrs Cinter Jones, Miss Little	A Rosemond, John
8	Buffalo, H W	Jones, Col J F	Rider, Was
	Bryant, Miss M M I Barker, A	Jones, Miss Mary	Reynolds, John
	Blake, A M Bartlett, Parthini	Jones, James	Smith, John A
46	Bledsoe, Mrs A A	Johnson, Wm D	Sikes, John A
H	Bagwell, James	Johnson, Miss L	ASmith, Henderson
	Cooke, Miss S E	Jordan, Joseph.	Seekel, T M
•]	Cawthorn, A L. Clemons, Anderso	Jezell, Horace	Smith, John B
.	Cooke, H S	Joyner, Mrs E 2	Shauck, W N Stone, Miss Quae V
6	Chadwick, Samue Carter, Miss Luc		T.
	Crow, Geo L	King, Geo or Je	Taylor, Ford rhTapscott, Wm
	Cooke, A G	King, Mrs Mary	Taylor, P Toual, Miss Mary
4	Coats, R D	Low, Washington	n Tipitt, Landy L 2
	Dawson, Miss E 2	Ladiock, Wm	Tinnin, Rev J W
,	Dixon, Solomon	Levy, Gustavus 2	PURTUE ASSESSMENT NOT NOT NOT
;	Dick, J W Daly, Patrick	Martin, John 4	Underdue, James Utley, Miss Eliza
	Denton, P F	Mead, Mrs Eliza	MUtley, Miss Mary ?
,	Daves, Dawson E.	Mead, WH3 McCullers, WH	Wilson, Elder James
-	Evans, Sarah	McCullers, Miss &	AWatkins, Wm B
,	Eastwood Jas M Ellis, B F	Metts, James Moltin, Samuel	Williams, Miss & H
	Flowers, Miss Mar	Mooren, Miss C	Warde, R
	Ferrill, A J	Mayuard, Archib	Woodburn, TM aldWells, David P 8 Whitfield, Miss TA
	Graham, Miss S	Moore, Mrs L W	Whitfield, Miss TA
	Green, Austin	Mulling, Mrs Sar	rah Whaley, Miss R
f	Gill, Burton Gordon, A M 2	Munds, J T McGrath, T	Whitaker, Mrs Sar h
it	Green, John	HYDE THE Not also	Weakley, Geo W
0	Graham, Edward		Whitaker, Miss LA WWoodward, Joseph
	Hinton, Miss C	0.	Whitaker, Miss M A
P	Harris, Robert - Henning, Rev Mr	Outlaw, Dr Jose	Williams, Capt H
F135	Harrison, Mrs Ma	ryPaten, Warren 2	Transport William Street
e	Harrison, Jas R Haughton, Hardy	Padlock, Wm Pulley, Mrs A	Young, Wm J Young, Samuel A
1-	Hughes, Sarah	orPrice, N	Yong, James R
d	Hunt, A T	Powers, David Poweil, Mrs W	Young, James 2
e	Harrison, Miss A	Phillips, H	at the state of the state of the state of
i.	say they are adve	rtised.	ove letters will please
ic	Raleigh, April	Neathin Learn A	VM. WHITE, P. M.
rt	Jameigu, April	10, 1500.	1065-w8w.

THE WORLD OF PASHION CAN BE SEEN by calling at Mitchell's Clothing Store, conside the Post Office. Now ready for inspection and purchase! Combining beauty and economy—taste and dura-Our clothing may be relied upon as being not only as good and cheap as any to be found eisewhere, but also as being of the newest and most becoming styles.

Besides this stock of clething, in our establishment may be found a varied assortment of Trunks, Carpet Bags, Hata, Boots and Shore.

Boots and Shoes, &c. Raleigh, April 10, 1855.

RENCH'S NEW WORK.—ENGLISH PAST and Present. Contents: Lecture 1. The English a complete language. 2. Gains of the English language. 3. Diminutions of the English language. 4. On the change in the meaning of English words. 5. On the change in spelling of English words. To which is added an index to the words treated of. For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh April 6, 1855.

OBBIN HOUSE, HAY STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. This Hotel (on site of former Planter's Hotel,) was opened for the accommodation of guests,
on the first day of January, 1855.
Situated on the principal street of the town, and within a
few minute's walk of the Post Office, Telegraph Office,
Banks, United States Arsenal and other business places, it
is yet sufficiently retired to be clear of the approvement and is yet sufficiently retired to be clear of the annoyance and bustle of a more central location.

It is newly erected and handsomely furnished, and careful attendants secured, with especial reference to the com-

fort of patrons. In consequence of the liberal patronage extended to this establishment, the preprietors have enlarged by opening a suit of rooms on the second floor, and are thus preparing to Spacious stables attached, and experienced Ostlers in at-tendance.

Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of Steam Boats, for the accommodation of passengers.

POWERS & CO.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINAS JOHNSTON COUNTY, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1855. The petition of Seth Woodall, Adm'r debonie non of James Woodall, dec'd, es. heirs at law of said James Woodall, dec'd.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Clement Woodall and the heirs of Abner Woodall reside beyond the limits of the State, so that a copy of said petition cannot be served upon them; it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six weeks, notifying them to come in at the next term of this weeks, notifying them to come in at the next term of this Court, plead, answer or demur, or prayer of the petition will be granted.

J. H. KENNEDY, Clerk. (Pr. Ad'r. \$5 621/c.)

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, NASE County, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February
Term, 1856. A. B. Bains, Administrator of Nancy Morgan,
vs. Ezekiel Morgan, Wright Morgan, Moses Morgan, Jackson Morgan, Reuben Murray and wife Toppen, Gray Morgan, Joseph Bryant and wife Cherry Ann Smith, James
Morgan, and Irvin Finch and wife Susan. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants in this case are non-residents, it is therefore order-dered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six weeks for them to come forward and plead, answer or demur, or judgement will be taken are confesse as to them

April 10, 1855.

pro confesso as to them.

Witness: Wm. T. Arrington, Clerk of our said Court, at office, in Nashville, this 5d day of April, Anno Domini,

WM. T. ARRINGTON, C. C. C. (Pr. Ad'v. 85 623/c.)

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, NASH COUNTY, Court of Pleas and Quarter Seasions, February Term, 1853. A. B. Bains, Administrator of Dinah Taylor, vs. Rolen Polen, Tinah Polen, Wesley Polen, Patsey Polen, James Bartholomew and wife Nancy, Ads Munn, John Munn, Alexander R. cks, Rody Ricks, Wm. B. Peten, Dinah Taylor, Samuel Fuller and wife Sally.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants in this case are non-residents, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six weeks for them to come forward and plead and dard for six weeks for them to come forward and plead, answer or demur, or judgement will be taken pro confessor against them.
Witness: Wm. T. Arrington, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Nashville, this 3d day of April, A. D. 1855.
WM. T. ARRINGTON, C. C. C.

(Pr. Ad'v. 85 621/c.)

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, NASH COUNTY, February Term, 1855. A. B. Beins, Administrator of Ruthy Morgan, se. Ezekial Morgan, Wright Morgan, Moses Morgan, Jackson Morgan, Reuben Murray and wife Toppen, Gray Morgan, Joseph Morgan and wife Cherry Ann Smith, James Morgan, Irvin Finch and wife Susan.

It appearing to the antiafaction of the Court, that the defendants in this case are non-residents, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Morth Carolina Standard for them to come forward and plead, answer or demur, or judgement will be taken pro confesse as to them. Witness: Wm. T. Arrington, Clerk of our said Court, at office in the town of Nashville, this 3d day of April, A. D. 1855.

April 10, 1855. (Pr. Ad'v. 85 621(c.)

L. S. PERRY. DENTAL SURGEON,

RALEIGH, K. C. The Faculty of the Baltimore College of Dental Surger Rev. Dr. Smedes, Raleigh, Hon Jno. II. Bryan, Raleigh, Prof. Owen, W. F. College Prof. Wingate, Prof. Wheat, Chapel Hill Dr. Chas. E. Johnston, Prof. Wheat, Chapel Hill Dr. Fab. J. Haywood, Rev. Mr. Fitzgerald, Jacks

Dr. Fab. J. Haywood, April 4, 1856. VE WOULD CALL PARTICULAR ATTENTION to our style of Summer Pants. They are "just the ag." One hundred pair just received. March 30th, "55 E. L. HARDING'S.

GROCERIES. LOAP, CRUSHED, GROUND AND

Java, Laguira, and Rio Coffee,
Sperm, Adamastine and Tallow Candles,
Sperm, Adamastine and Tallow Candles,
Sugar House Syrup and Holasses,
Maderia, Cherry, Fort and Champagne W
Vines,
Cog. Brandy, warranted pure,
Old Monangabels Whickey,
Jamaica Ruo, Holland Gia,
Landon Ruown and Sastely Ma.